## **CO<sub>2</sub> in Chicken Hatcheries**

## Why the need to measure CO2?

Measuring and controlling carbon dioxide offers these benefits to the chicken hatchery business:

- Less staff required to run the breeding stations because regulated CO<sub>2</sub> facilitates all the eggs hatching around the same time. It is easier to plan shipments and know how many birds can be transported in one shipment. This results in less capital and reduced transport costs.
- A smaller number of birds will perish during transportation, resulting in higher profit per shipment and less feed losses.
- More efficient and cheaper feeding options, both through feed reduction and reduction in time to hatch.
- Faster and easier processing of the animals using CO<sub>2</sub>, and there is no unnecessary suffering to the birds.

## Facts & Figures

- Approximately 49 billion chickens are consumed worldwide every year. That is 134 million every day.
- Chicken is the most common type of poultry in the world.
- 100g of baked chicken breast contains 4 grams of fat and 31 grams of protein.



 Using CO<sub>2</sub> in the packaging helps to ensure food will last longer in supermarkets and for customers after they purchase the chicken. This means a reduction in waste caused by food that is discarded because of expiration dates.

## How does it work?

The fertilized eggs are placed in a chamber, which then controls the  $CO_2$  content depending on the stage of development. The eggs contribute additional  $CO_2$  into the environment which means you have to monitor the  $CO_2$  continuously.

It has been demonstrated that during embryonic development, a constant supply of  $CO_2$  affords positive health effects. Control of  $CO_2$  during the incubation phase leads to a more controlled hatching time.

It has been found that the bird's metabolism works slower at high concentrations of CO<sub>2</sub>, which means it takes less time and less food to raise broilers or egg laying hens. That makes production less expensive and, it's more sustainable to use less feed per pound of chicken.

The chickens are processed after being knocked out with high levels of  $CO_2$ , which only takes a few seconds. This method is more humane than killing by electrical stunning.

Sustainability of the meat increases by 20%, when using  $CO_2$  for modified atmosphere processing.

